

Area Applications

Learning Goals

- find areas of composite figures
- look at a practical application of area calculations

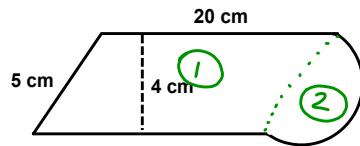
Area of Composite Figures

Composite figure - a shape that is made up of two or more basic shapes

Finding the Area of Composite Figures

1. Break shape down into smaller shapes.
2. Calculate area of each shape.
3. Add the areas. May have to subtract areas that are missing.

Examples: Find the area



$$\begin{aligned} A_{(1)} &= bh \\ &= 20(4) \\ &= 80 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{(2)} &= \frac{\pi r^2}{2} \\ &= \frac{(3.14)\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2}{2} \quad \leftarrow \text{half} \\ &= 9.8 \end{aligned}$$

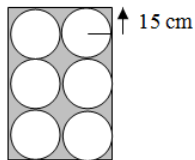
$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{Total}} &= A_{(1)} + A_{(2)} \\ &= 80 + 9.8 \\ &= 89.8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore 89.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

2. Determine the shaded area to 1 decimal place.

$$4(15) = 60$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6(15) \\ &= 90 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} A_{1 \text{ circle}} &= \pi r^2 \\ &= (3.14)(15)^2 \\ &= 706.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{6 \text{ circles}} \\ &= 6(706.5) \\ &= 4239 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\square} &= lw \\ &= 90(60) \\ &= 5400 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{Total}} &= A_{\square} - A_{6 \text{ circles}} \\ &= 5400 - 4239 \\ &= 1161 \end{aligned}$$

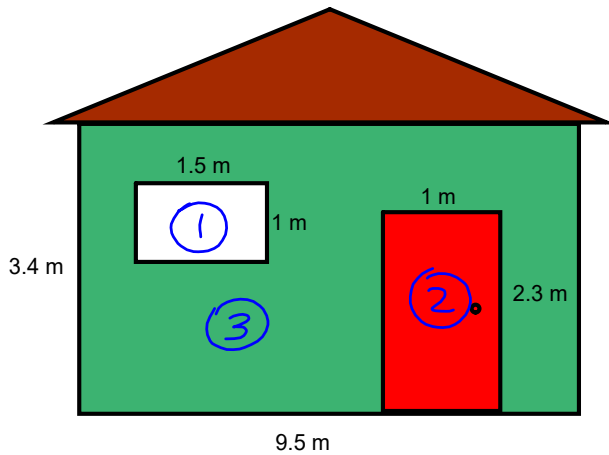
$$\therefore 1161 \text{ cm}^2$$

On the Boards...

3. Paint costs \$34/can. One can covers 22 m².

How much does the green paint cost? → wall

How much does the red paint cost? → door



$$A_1 = (1.5)(1) = 1.5$$

$$A_2 = (2.3)(1) = 2.3$$

$$A_3 = 3.4(9.5) \\ = 32.3$$

$$A_{Total} = 32.3 - 2.3 - 1.5 \\ = 28.5$$

$$\# \text{ of cans} = \frac{28.5}{22}$$

$$= 1.3$$

∴ 2 cans

$$\text{price} \quad 2(34) = 68$$

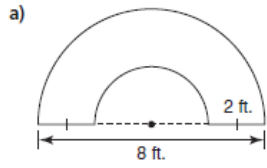
$$\text{tax} \quad 68(1.13) \\ = 76.84$$

∴ credit \$76.84

cash \$76.85

4. Describe the figures that make up each composite figure.

Determine the area of each composite figure. All curves are semicircles.



$$A_{\text{big}} = \frac{\pi(4)^2}{2}$$

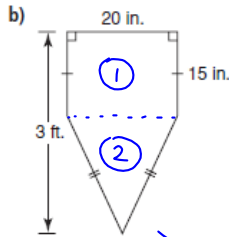
$$= 25.12$$

$$A_{\text{small}} = \frac{\pi(2)^2}{2}$$

$$= 6.28$$

$$A_{\text{Total}} = 25.12 - 6.28$$

$$= 18.84 \text{ ft}^2$$



$$A_{\text{①}} = 20(15)$$

$$= 300$$

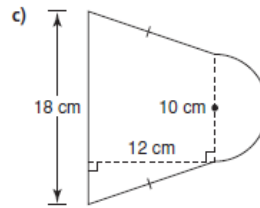
$$A_{\text{②}} = \frac{bh}{2}$$

$$= \frac{20(21)}{2}$$

$$= 210$$

$$A_{\text{Total}} = 300 + 210$$

$$= 510 \text{ in}^2$$



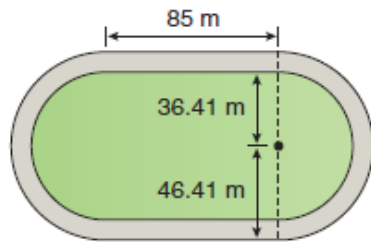
$$A_{\text{trapezoid}} + A_{\Delta}$$

$$= \frac{(a+b)(h)}{2} + \frac{\pi r^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{(10+18)(12)}{2} + \frac{\pi(5)^2}{2}$$

$$= 207.25 \text{ cm}^2$$

5. **Assessment Focus** The running track in this diagram consists of two parallel sections with semicircular sections at each end. Determine the area of the track.



$$A_{\text{inside}} = 85(36.41)(2) + \pi(36.41)^2$$

$$= 10352.36$$

$$A_{\text{outside}} = 85(46.41)(2) + \pi(46.41)^2$$

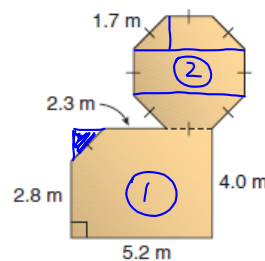
$$= 14652.91$$

$$A_{\text{track}} = 14652.91 - 10352.36$$

$$= 4300.55 \quad \therefore 4300.55 \text{ m}^2$$

6. The design for a backyard deck is shown. It will be built using plastic lumber made from recycled materials.

- Determine the area of the deck.
- A circular hot tub with diameter 2 m is to be installed in the octagonal portion of the deck. How much wood needs to be cut out to make room for the hot tub?
- The backyard is a rectangle measuring 65 feet by 45 feet. What is the area of the backyard not covered by the deck?



$$A_{\text{①}} = A_{\square} - A_{\triangle}$$

$$= 20.08$$

$$A_{\text{②}} = 4 \triangle + \square + 2 \square$$

$$= 13.93$$

$$A_{\text{Total}} = 20.08 + 13.93$$

$$= 34.01$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b.) } A &= \pi r^2 \\ &= \pi (1)^2 \\ &= 3.14 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c.) } A_{\text{yard}} &= (65)(45) \\ &= (19.81)(13.716) \quad \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{change} \\ \text{to} \\ \text{meters} \end{array} \\ &= 271.7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= A_{\text{yard}} - A_{\text{deck}} \\ &= 271.7 - 34.01 \\ &= 237.7 \quad \therefore 237.7 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

If you have NOT finished question 6, try it for homework.